Week 3 – 20 Oct to 26 Oct 2014

Mini Assignment #1: Write and Cite a Factual Document

Rainbows

Rainbows appear as distinct bands of colors, those within the capability of

human vision. The colors usually seen are red, orange, yellow, green, blue,

indigo and violet. Isaac Newton first divided the spectrum into these seven

colors in the 1600s ("Rainbow", n.d.). There is a mnemonic to help

remember those colors; Richard Of York Gave Battle In Vain (ROYGBIV)

("Roy G. Biv", n.d.).

There are many kinds of rainbows; singles, doubles, and supernumeraries.

There are also rainbow's "cousins." All of these cousins require water mist,

vapor, fog or even ice crystals and a light source such as the Sun or Moon.

One example is a corona. When light from either the Sun or Moon shines

through water droplets, a corona, or a colorful series of small concentric

rings, can be seen (Herd, 2007).

Reference List

Herd, T. (2007). Kaleidoscope Sky. New York, NY: Harry N. Abrams, Inc.

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http://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Rainbow&oldid=630949534

Roy G. Biv. (2014, September 8). In Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia.

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